

make sure that government knew what Jack's brothers and sisters needed.

Jack could not have achieved these great accomplishments without the support of his loving family and is survived by his wife Sally, and his sons Greg, Tim and Mike.

Mr. Speaker, throughout our lives we may be fortunate to meet precious few people who make a real difference, and who deserve to be admired. For me, Jack Laskowski was such a man. Jack may no longer be with us, but the glories of his work will continue to benefit workers for years to come. I ask you and all of our colleagues to join me in honoring this wonderful gentleman, and in offering our condolences to this family following their loss of this true leader.

#### RECOGNIZING THE "SUITING UP FOR SUCCESS" PROJECT FOR STUDENTS

### HON. GEORGE RADANOVICH

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, September 8, 1999*

Mr. RADANOVICH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the Suiting Up for Success project, which is a professional attire drive that benefits successful Fresno City College welfare-to-work students. The kick-off event will be on September 21, 1999.

In 1998, management consultant and human resource specialist, Sue McCombs of McCombs & Associates created "Suiting Up for Success", in response to the Central San Joaquin Valley communities double digit unemployment rates. "Suiting Up for Success" is a professional attire drive that benefits successful Fresno City College welfare-to-work students that has approximately 1,000 students enrolled. Last year, 3,000 suits were collected. The 1999 goal is to collect 5,000 suits. All Fresno area business professionals are challenged to donate unwanted men's and women's suits, blouses, skirts, men's shirts, slacks and ties. Business attire collected is made available through a "professional closet" operated and maintained by Welfare-to-Work Students. The only beneficiaries of the "Suiting Up for Success" campaign are successful Fresno City College Welfare Reform students (graduates).

The project goals are to increase awareness of the welfare reform initiative and its impact on business owners. To provide our employees the opportunity to support and participate in the local welfare reform initiative. And to support and encourage current Fresno City College welfare program participants.

Mr. Speaker, it is my pleasure to recognize the "Suiting Up for Success" project, as they reach out to students who are less fortunate to have professional attire. I urge my colleagues to join me in wishing "Suiting Up for Success" many more years of continued success.

#### HONORING MTSU FOOTBALL'S ADVANCEMENT TO DIVISION 1-A STATUS

### HON. BART GORDON

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, September 8, 1999*

Mr. GORDON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the Middle Tennessee State University football team's advancement into Division 1-A play, which officially took place on September 1. The move is one the university, its faculty and staff, its students, its alumni, and the entire MTSU community can relish.

The Blue Raiders football program has put 17 players into the National Football League. The program has also produced 20 All-American players and 14 Ohio Valley Conference "Players of the Year."

MTSU football reached a number of milestones while competing as a Division 1-AA team in the Ohio Valley Conference. The team drew a school and OVC record 27,568 fans for the 1998 home opener against Tennessee State University. It ranked fourth in attendance nationally in Division 1-AA in 1998. And the university has a new football stadium that can handle nearly 31,000 fans to usher in its Division 1-A play. Coach "Boots" Donnelly also ended a stellar career (136-81-1) with MTSU at the conclusion of the 1998 season.

As a Division 1-AA football team, MTSU finished in the top 10 of the national polls on 10 different occasions, taking the Number 1 final ranking in 1985 and 1990. And under legendary coach Charles "Bubber" Murphy, the MTSU Blue Raiders football team participated in the 1956 Refrigerator Bowl, the 1960 and 1961 Tangerine bowls, and the 1964 Grantland Rice Bowl.

I congratulate the university's move into the highly competitive Division 1-A football arena and wish each and every player, coach and fan good luck in this debut season.

#### HONORING THOMAS J. D'ALESSANDRO III

### HON. BENJAMIN L. CARDIN

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, September 8, 1999*

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. Speaker, earlier this year, Loyola College in Baltimore took the occasion to honor one of its most distinguished sons, and one of Baltimore's most distinguished citizens. On May 18, Loyola presented its President's Medal for 1999 to Thomas J. D'Alessandro III.

Baltimore has a rich and proud political history, full of leaders who have served our community with distinction. It is no small honor, then, to be designated as the "First Political Family of Baltimore." Yet the D'Alessandro's would certainly be at the top of any list of nominees.

Tommy D'Alessandro, Jr., the father of Tommy III served as Mayor of Baltimore, and later was elected to this House. His wife Nancy was a political force in her own right, and a major player in Democratic politics in the city.

When it came time for the next generation to step up, they did so with energy and dedi-

cation. Tommy was elected to the City Council, served as its president, and then was elected Mayor of Baltimore. During his time of leadership in city government, Baltimore, like most major cities across the country, went through trying times as the civil rights movement expanded.

The major civil rights legislation of the mid-60s, including the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Voting Rights Act of 1965 represented an earthquake in American politics, and nowhere was this more true than in our great urban centers. Municipal leaders across the country faced challenges that required courage and a firm adherence to principles of democratic government.

As Mayor and as president of the city council, Tommy D'Alessandro showed himself to be up to the task. He shepherded Baltimore's own Civil Rights Act through the city council. In this action, as in so many of his decisions in public life, he was guided by the moral principles that were instilled in him during his years studying under the Jesuits at Loyola College.

Mr. Speaker, any discussion of the political accomplishments of the D'Alessandro family would be sadly incomplete without an accounting of the family's spread across the continent. As a son of Baltimore, I am proud to note that the D'Alessandro family's talent for leadership, which we have long come to appreciate in our city, are now well known on the West Coast. I am speaking, of course, of our distinguished colleague from the San Francisco Bay area.

Nancy Pelosi, my good friend, who represents California's Eighth Congressional District, is the sister of Tommy D'Alessandro. In her commitment to human rights and democracy around the world, and her fierce adherence to the values of working class Americans, she shows the same approach to politics that served her brother and her father so well in Baltimore. It is truly the case that the "D'Alessandro Way"—the "Baltimore Way"—has undergone a successful transplant in northern California.

In honoring Tommy D'Alessandro III with the President's Medal, Loyola College bestowed a great and well-deserved honor on a great son of a great Baltimore political family. The text that accompanied the presentation of the President's Medal cited Tommy D'Alessandro for "his historic contributions to civic life in Baltimore, for the integrity and conviction of his principles, and for his life lived by the highest ideals of service to humankind." The words are true, and the honor is richly deserved. I am truly pleased to take this opportunity to join in offering my heart-felt congratulations to Tommy and to the entire D'Alessandro family.

#### CONGRATULATIONS ON GERMAN-AMERICAN DAY

### HON. J. DENNIS HASTERT

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, September 9, 1999*

Mr. HASTERT. Mr. Speaker, German-American Day will be celebrated on October 6, 1999 with festivities all over the nation.

German-American Day honors all Americans of German descent and their contributions to the life and culture of the United States and October 6, 1999 once again calls